PORTAL D'OFERTA TECNOLÒGICA



INNOVATIVE METHOD FOR INCREASING PHYTOSTEROLS PRODUCTION AND EXTRACTION

P TECNOLOGIA PATENTADA

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RESUM

The research group "Plants proteomics and functional genomics" at University of Alicante has developed a novelty procedure for increasing phytosterols production and extraction in in vitro plant cell cultures. To this end, cyclodextrins and, optionally, methyljasmonate are added to the culture medium. After the incubation process under controlled conditions, vegetal sterols are obtained with higher yields than that of the currently extraction methodologies from vegetal row material.

This method allows a stable phytosterols production, irrespective of geographic, seasonal and environmental factors, with reduced space requirements and simpler purification and scaling-up processes.

The research group is looking for companies interested in acquiring this technology for its commercial exploitation.

INTRODUCCIÓ

Phytosterols are members of the "triterpene" family. They are naturally occurring plant compounds that are chemically similar to cholesterol. They are present in all fruits, vegetables (seeds, leaves and stems) and nuts. Then, they are regularly included to the organism through the diet. Although more than 25 different structures have been identified in vegetal extracts, three of them (beta-sitosterol, campesterol and stigmasterol) compose 95–98% of the total phytosterols.

Phytosterols are able to:

• reduce both total cholesterol and low-density lipoproteins (LDL) levels.

• Inhibit the cholesterol absorption in the intestine due to their great hydrophobicity. High doses of phytosterols can reduce the cholesterol absorption in 30-50%.

• Act as immunomodulators, playing a pivotal role in the prevention of colon and breast cancers, control of the benign prostatic hyperplasia and in the damaged tissues associated with inflammation.

DESCRIPCIÓ TÈCNICA



of the vegetal raw materials. However, this process has a low performance. For this reason, the research group has developed a new procedure for phytosterols production and extraction with higher yields. This innovative methodology is based on in vitro plant cells culture, an emerging area with a high growth potential in the synthesis of bioactive compounds with added value.

This procedure consists of the following steps:

1. Adding cyclodextrins to the culture medium and, optionally, methyljasmonate.

2. Combining cells potentially producers of phytosterols and the culture medium obtained in the first step. These cells come from plants of different types: Rosa, Daucus, Capsicum, Lactuca, Catharanthus, Lycopersicon, Taxus and Vitis.

3. Incubating the previous composition (step 2) under determined conditions of temperature, humidity and time (the photoperiod is adjusted between 12-16 of light hours and 8-12 of dark hours).

4. Separating the obtained phytosterols from the culture medium.

When applying this novelty method, an increase in the production and extraction of phytosterols yield from plant cell cultures is obtained. These improved yields obviously depend on the experimental conditions (cellular density, temperature, humidity, time of incubation, amount of cyclodextrine and/or methyljasmonate added, etc.) and the type of cells used for the production of phytosterols.

AVANTATGES I ASPECTES INNOVADORS

- The in vitro plant cell cultures neither depend on geographic, nor seasonal or environmental factors.
- Stable system of production.
- Reduced space requirements.
- Easy purification process.
- A non-expensive phytosterols production could be easily accomplished at great scale in bioreactors.
- Other products that are not naturally synthesised in the plant could be obtained.
- There are other factors, such as the elicitation of the cell culture, that allow an enhancement of the productivity.

Currently, the classic methodology for extracting phytosterols from vegetal row material has a low yield. In addition to this fact, the elevated amounts of plants needed for obtaining a significant quantity of phytosterols leads to a higher cost for these products.

Thanks to the process described above, it is possible to increase the phytosterols production and extraction yields from natural resources. Then, a greater percentage of population can benefit of the positive effects of the phytosterols on health.

ESTAT ACTUAL

A set of assays at lab-scale have been carried out successfully proving that the use of cyclodextrins and methyljasmonate has a positive effect on the phytosterols production and yield extraction from cells of different plant species.

APLICACIONS DE L'OFERTA

Due to the beneficial properties previously mentioned, phytosterols are widely employed in different sectors:

• As food additive: Its consumption is closely related to a decreased risk of coronary heart diseases. For this reason, they are present in margarine, butter, milk, yoghurt, ice-creams, cereals, sausages, sauces, etc.

- In medicine.
- In pharmacy.
- In biotechnology.
- In cosmetics.

COL·LABORACIÓ BUSCADA

The research Group is looking for companies interested in acquiring this technology for its commercial exploitation through the different existing ways of technology transfer (patent licence agreement, etc).

DRETS DE PROPIETAT INTEL·LECTUAL

This technology is protected by patent.

- Application number: P200803107.
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SECTORS D'APLICACIÓ (5)

Agri-food and Fisheries Biology Molecular Biology and Biotechnology Pharmacology, Cosmetics and Ophthalmology Medicine and Health