

ECOLOGICAL CONCRETES AND MORTARS



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RESUM

A multidisciplinary public-private research consortium has developed a simple and innovative process to transform submerged arc welding slag waste into activated materials (geopolymers) that can be used as environmentally friendly substitutes for Portland cement to manufacture concrete or mortar-based construction materials.

These new materials are characterised by low production costs, are environmentally friendly, sustainable, do not generate waste in their production process, and have excellent physico-chemical properties.

Companies interested in acquiring this technology for its commercial exploitation are sought.

AVANTATGES I ASPECTES INNOVADORS

ADVANTAGES OF THE TECHNOLOGY

Among the main advantages of the geopolymers obtained using this novel technology, as well as of the construction materials based on the concrete or mortar containing them, the following should be highlighted:

- 1) Their low production cost.
- 2) They are environmentally friendly and sustainable.
- 3) They require a minimum amount of natural materials to obtain them, which leads to a saving of non-renewable mineral resources.
- 4) They generate few industrial by-products in their manufacturing process.
- 5) They emit a reduced amount of CO_2 during their production, thus reducing the carbon footprint by up to 80% compared to conventional Portland cement.
- 6) They have excellent physico-chemical characteristics, such as:
 - Early compressive strength.
 - Hardness between 4 to 7 on the Mohs scale.
 - Low permeability.
 - Good chemical resistance.
 - Good fire behaviour.
 - Thermally stable at very high temperatures (1.000-1.200°C).
 - Improves the ductility of concrete, increasing its flexible capacity.
 - Ideal behaviour against acid and sulphate attacks.
 - Low alkali-aggregate expansion.
 - Good resistance to changes in freeze-thaw cycles, sulphates and corrosion.

- Suitable encapsulation of hazardous waste
- 7) It allows the revalorisation of waste from submerged arc welding slags.
- 8) They show similar or higher performances than those achieved when ordinary Portland cement is used.

INNOVATIVE ASPECTS OF THE TECHNOLOGY

The main innovation is that it is the first time that submerged arc welding slag is used to obtain alkaline activated materials (geopolymers).

Moreover, the major difference in composition between a concrete comprising a geopolymer and conventional concrete is that Portland cement is completely replaced by an inorganic synthetic polymer (geopolymer).

Furthermore, geopolymers do not form calcium silicate hydrates for the formation and strength of the matrix, but use the polycondensation of silica and alumina together with a high alkali content to achieve structural strength, thus obtaining an adequate behaviour of the concrete, even if it does not contain Portland cement in its composition.

APLICACIONS DE L'OFERTA

This invention falls within the technical field of construction.

Specifically, it refers to obtaining geopolymers as ecological substitutes for Portland cement in the production of concretes and mortars, giving the latter excellent physico-chemical properties.

Given the great versatility of these novel materials, they can be applied in the following industrial sectors:

- Construction materials.
- Advanced materials.
- Fire resistant materials.
- Refractory materials.
- Bituminous mixtures and asphalts.
- Waste immobilisation.
- Soil stabilisation.
- Other applications.

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Companies interested in acquiring this technology for commercial exploitation through patent licensing agreements are sought.

Company profile sought:

- Cement manufacturers.
- Concrete manufacturers.
- Mortar manufacturers.
- Manufacturers of clay bricks.
- Manufacturers of asphalt mixtures.
- Manufacturers of inorganic polymers, geopolymers, etc.