

REAL-TIME COMMUNICATION SYSTEM BETWEEN DEAF AND HEARING PEOPLE

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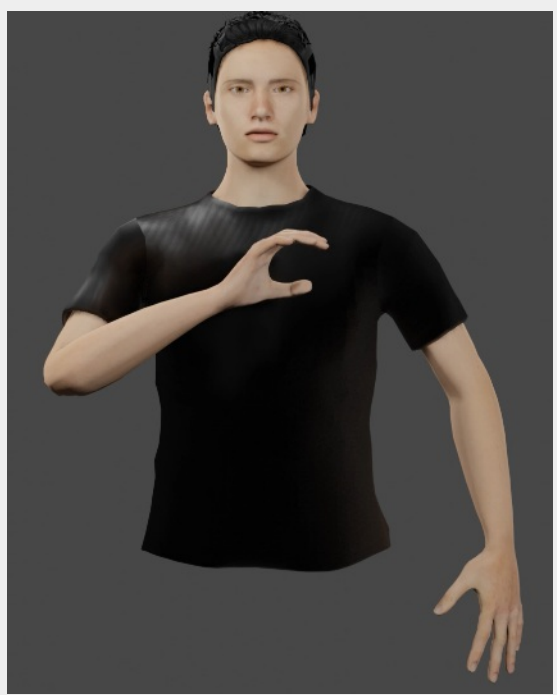
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ABSTRACT

The Robotics and **Three-Dimensional Vision (RoViT)** research group at the University of Alicante has developed a **real-time** communication platform between the hearing community and the deaf community using sign language. All this in a simple and **bidirectional** way through natural language processing techniques and the camera and the screen of a computer or mobile device.



The group is looking for companies interested in acquiring this technology for commercial exploitation or in developing it to adapt it to new needs of the deaf community.



INTRODUCTION

Communication between the hearing community and the deaf community using sign language as a means of communication has always been a serious problem. It is especially complicated in everyday tasks where the presence of an interpreter is not always possible, such as shopping, catering, transport, health care or administrative procedures.

Several automatic Sign Language (SL) recognition systems are currently known but they have some limitations, for example:

- Recognition is sign-by-sign.
- They are not bidirectional communication systems, so that sign-to-text conversion is performed, but not text and/or speech-to-sign conversion is performed.
- They do not include facial keypoints that allow more accurate recognition of sign language by including the analysis of facial expressions and vocalisation of signs.

Therefore, the present invention aims to improve the quality of daily life of millions of people with a novel technology that solves the limitations existing to date.

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

In order to achieve communication between the hearing community and the deaf community using sign language as a means of communication, it has been necessary to develop **two functionalities**:

1) Sign to text: On the one hand, the platform recognises and interprets what a user signs in front of a camera, providing a transcription in text and voice (see Figure 1). The system that implements this functionality consists of a camera, which can be of any type, including those cameras integrated in mobile devices and tablets, which will be in charge of capturing the images of a person signing in Sign Language (SL). These images are processed by neural networks to obtain the signed signs, generating a sentence or complete text in SL. This text is the input to a third module in charge of its translation into Oral Language (OL) through a natural language processing (NLP) technique. The generated text is displayed on a screen that can be a computer screen, any mobile device or tablet.

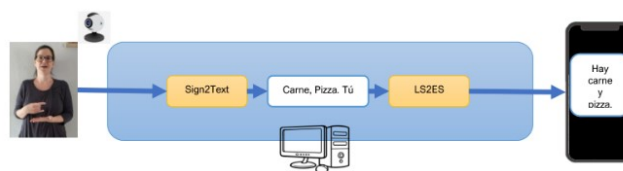


Figure 1. Diagram of the functionality corresponding to the generation of text and speech from signing in front of a camera.

2) From text and/or voice to sign: On the other hand, the platform obtains, from text or a voice message, the corresponding LS transcription and displays it on the screen by means of a virtual avatar (see Figure 2). Thus, in this case, the user will indicate the text he/she wishes to sign by voice, using any microphone or keyboard (including those that allow handwritten text to be typed). Once the text has been obtained, a Natural Language Processing (NLP) technique is used to obtain the text expressed in LSE signs. These signs are signed by a virtual avatar displayed on a screen, whether it is a computer screen, a mobile device or a tablet.



Figure 2. Diagram of the functionality corresponding to the generation of the signing by means of a virtual avatar from text or audio entered by a user.

TECHNOLOGY ADVANTAGES AND INNOVATIVE ASPECTS

MAIN ADVANTAGES OF THE TECHNOLOGY

- This system works in **real time**, in a simple and fast way.
- It is able to **recognise complete sentences**, unlike other platforms that only offer sign-by-sign recognition.
- To achieve this communication, it is only necessary to have a **mobile device** with a camera and a screen.
- The **accuracy** of the system reaches **95%**.

INNOVATIVE ASPECTS

- Allows **two-way communication**, i.e. conversion from sign to text, but also from text and/or speech to sign. Until now only sign-to-text conversion was possible.
- The system includes **facial keypoints** that allow for more accurate sign language recognition by including the analysis of

facial expressions and vocalisation of signs.

CURRENT STATE OF DEVELOPMENT

The technology is at an **advanced stage of development** (offering an **accuracy of 95%**) with a **demo**. So far, it has been trained with vocabulary especially in the field of catering and health but is intended to be extended to new areas.

MARKET APPLICATIONS

This system can be adapted to many areas where deaf people need to communicate without the need for an interpreter, for example: **health, financial, administrative, catering, shopping, transport, justice**, etc.

COLLABORATION SOUGHT

We are looking for companies or entities interested in acquiring this technology for **commercial exploitation** through patent licensing agreements or for the **development of the technology** and its adaptation to the specific needs of their activity.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

This technology is protected by **patent application**:

- *Patent title: "Sistema y método de comunicación entre personas sordas y personas oyentes"*
- *Application number: P202430179*
- *Application date: 12/03/2024*

MARKET APPLICATION (2)

Computer Science, Language and Communication
Medicine and Health